



Iverview

One of the most appealing valleys in the Western Himalayas is Har Ki Dun, also referred to as the Valley of the Gods. Har Ki Dun is unquestionably a heaven for newbie hikers looking to satiate their need for daring outdoor action, making it the ideal place for novice hikers to travel. A trekking excursion to Har ki Dun may be simply planned by anyone searching for extended weekend vacations. Deep inside Govind Pashu National Park lies a valley with a cradle-like form called Har Ki Dun. Trekking in Har Ki Dun is an adventurer and nature lover's paradise. Meadows of Debshu Bugyal, a pine forest in Govind Peshu National Park, embraces the splendour of the pathways in the Harki Dun valley.





Highlights

- Scenic Beauty: Har Ki Dun is renowned for its breathtaking natural beauty, including lush green meadows, dense forests of pine and deodar trees, sparkling streams, and majestic snow-capped peaks. The picturesque landscapes offer stunning views at every turn, making it a paradise for nature lovers and photographers.
- Har Ki Dun Valley: The trek leads to the stunning Har Ki Dun valley, also known as the "Valley of Gods." This pristine valley is surrounded by towering peaks and is dotted with alpine flowers, making it a captivating sight for trekkers. The valley holds great mythological significance and is believed to be the path taken by the Pandavas to ascend to heaven.
- **Rich Biodiversity:** The trekking route passes through the Govind National Park, which is renowned for its diverse flora and fauna. Trekkers have the opportunity to spot various Himalayan wildlife species such as musk deer, blue sheep, Himalayan black bears, and a variety of bird species including the Himalayan Monal.
- Cultural Immersion: The trek offers glimpses into the rich cultural heritage of the region. Trekkers encounter remote villages inhabited by the indigenous tribes of the Garhwal region, such as the Bhotiya and Gujjar communities. These villages provide an opportunity to interact with the locals, experience their traditional lifestyle, and learn about their customs and traditions.
- Jaundhar Glacier: En route to Har Ki Dun, trekkers pass by the Jaundhar Glacier, a magnificent natural wonder. The glacier, with its pristine white ice formations and panoramic views of the surrounding peaks, adds to the allure of the trek and offers a unique experience for adventurers.



Short itenerary

- Day1: From Dehradun to Sankri
- Day2: From Sankri to Gangarh Village to Osla (homestay/campsite) 0
- Day3: Trek from Osla to Kalkatiyadhar trek (8kms trek) \odot
- Day4: Trek from Kalkatiyadhaar to Har-ki-dun trek & back 0
- Day5: From Kalkatiyadhaar to Osla trek 0
- Day6: From Osla to Sankri \odot
- Day 7: From Sankri to Dehradun



From Dehradun to Sankri

Pickup (6-8am) from Dehradun in the morning for a 240 km (10 hours) lengthy but beautiful trip to Sankri through Mussoorie, Barkot, Purola, Mori, and Netwar along the Tons River. Located in the Uttarkashi district, on the slopes of the Himalayas, lies the peaceful village-Sankri. In addition to several other well-known treks, like the Kedarkantha Trek, Har ki Dun, Rupin Pass, Bali Pass, and countless more, this modest community serves as the base camp for these renowned treks. At an elevation of 6,400 feet above sea level, this community is situated within the Govind wildlife sanctuary. It is an ideal spot for those seeking a serene mountain vacation or those who are adventurous. This location has a breathtaking view of the Himalayas and a wealth of cultural heritage, thanks to its wooden construction. Spend the night in Sankri and have dinner there.



From Sankri to Gangarh Village to Osla (homestay /campsite)

We will move from Sankri to Gangarh Village for 16kms drive after breakfast. The 4kms trek begins from Gangarh village to Osla village. The trek will last about 3-4 hours. Today's trek will take you into a Himalayan region filled in wild orchids. Starting out in the valley next to the river Rupin's true left, the route from Taluka village progressively drops before rising again. Later, the route passes through dense stands of chestnut, walnut, willow, chinar, and a variety of conifer trees. There are also a few waterfalls along the way. Osla village is eventually reached in the late afternoon. The Durtodhana temple, which is capped with a pair of intricately carved peacocks, is the most outstanding building in Osla Village's reputation for great design. You will experience the beauty of taluka and dhatmeer village in the midway. Stay in the night at a homestay or campsite in Osla village.



Trek from Osla to Kalkatiyadhar trek (8kms trek)

You will reach the first in a succession of cleared lands after a 15-minute trek. To reach a lookout point, the route climbs over the meeting of the Supin and Ruinsara rivers. Look at the Kala Nag (Black Peak) and Bandarpooch mountains as you approach this vantage point. Your next campground, Kalkatiyadhaar, is soon accessible; it is located at an elevation of 8,956 feet.



Trek from Kalkatiyadhaar to Har-ki-dun trek & back

On your right, you can plainly see the Dev Thach meadows. The valley now divides into two halves, with Har-ki-dun on the left and Ruinsara Taal, Bali Pass on the right. As you round the bend in the mountain, the Har Ki Dun peak and Hata Peak, with the Har-ki-Dun valley below, meet you. The path then crosses several creeks after that. There are a good number of rhododendron trees in the pine forest. Along the route, there is a magnificent stream that cascades down and has a variety of Himalayan alpine flowers growing along its edges. You leave the meadows behind when you arrive at a little waterfall after another 20 minutes. You must make a difficult ascent of roughly 15 minutes from this location. Now In front of you, two valleys can be seen that are separated by the Karmanasha stream. Maninda Taal and Borasu Pass are located in the valley to your left, while Jaundar Glacier is located in the opposite valley. In Kalkatiyadhaar, we'll set up camp.



From Kalkatiyadhaar to Osla trek

We'll take the same path back to the osla, and today's track is simple and downward. Arrive at the Osla campground, where you will spend the night.

From Osla to Sankri

Early breakfast followed by the start of our descent. Going back the way you came makes the journey simple now. We will descend 8kms to Dhatmeer village, then Gangarh village at river side and then to Sankri. Here you will board the vehicle for Sankri.

From Sankri to Dehradun

Today is the last day of your Har Ki Dun Trekking journey. Say goodbye to mountains and new friends, take best memories to home. Board the vehicle after breakfast for journey towards Dehradun.



What's Included

- Pick and Drop Transfers from Dehradun to Dehradun
- All meals are included with proper hygiene parameters \square
- Triple/double sharing tent accommodations are available $\overline{\mathbf{M}}$
- Sankri guest house with triple occupancy \square
- During the trek, there will be morning and evening tea with a small \checkmark refreshment
- All tolls and forest fees M
- Trekking gears (tents, sleeping bags, ropes, gaiters, crampons etc.)
- First Aid Medical Kit \square
- **Expert Guide**

What's Excluded

- Mules @400rs/day ×
- Gears on rent are available
- 5% Gst extra. X
- Food during pick and drop transfers
- Porters/mules charges ×
- Personal expenses ×
- Insurance ×
- Anything apart from the inclusions



F&Q

What is the best time to do the Har Ki Dun Trek?

The best time to undertake the Har Ki Dun Trek is typically from April to June and then from September to November. During these months, the weather is relatively stable, and the trail is usually clear of snow, offering optimal trekking conditions.

What is the difficulty level of the Har Ki Dun Trek?

The Har Ki Dun Trek is considered to be of moderate difficulty. The trail involves gradual ascents and descents, with some steep sections and uneven terrain. While prior trekking experience is not mandatory, a reasonable level of fitness and stamina is recommended.

How long does it take to complete the Har Ki Dun Trek?

The Har Ki Dun Trek usually takes around 7 days to complete. This includes trekking from Sankri village to Har Ki Dun Valley and back, with overnight stays at various campsites along the route.

What is the altitude of Har Ki Dun Valley?

The Har Ki Dun Valley is situated at an altitude of approximately 11,700 feet (3,566 meters) above sea level.

What kind of accommodation is available during the Har Ki Dun Trek?

Accommodation during the Har Ki Dun Trek typically consists of tents at various campsites along the route. Some operators also offer fixed tented camps with basic amenities like sleeping bags, mattresses, and meals.

What should I pack for the Har Ki Dun Trek?

Essential items to pack for the Har Ki Dun Trek include appropriate clothing (layers for cold weather), sturdy trekking shoes, a backpack, water bottles, energy snacks, sunscreen, sunglasses, a hat, personal medications, and a first aid kit. It's also advisable to carry a trekking pole and a good quality sleeping bag.



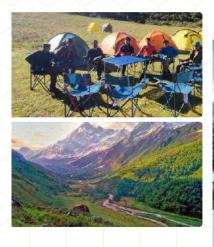
Is altitude sickness a concern during the Har Ki Dun Trek?

While the altitude of Har Ki Dun Valley is moderate compared to some other treks in the region, altitude sickness can still be a concern for some trekkers, especially if ascending too quickly. It's important to acclimatize properly, stay hydrated, and listen to your body.

What are the terms & conditions and payment policies of the trek?

Check out these link \

Terms & Conditions Privacy Policy Payment Policies











Gears on Rent



TREKKING POLES **RS.250**



HEAD TOURCH RS.250



PONCHO RS.250



JACKET RS.600



TREKKING SHOES **RS.600**

Note:- Rest gears are available for purchase.





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